Partial versus complete resection of the m. corrugator in the surgical treatment of migraine headaches



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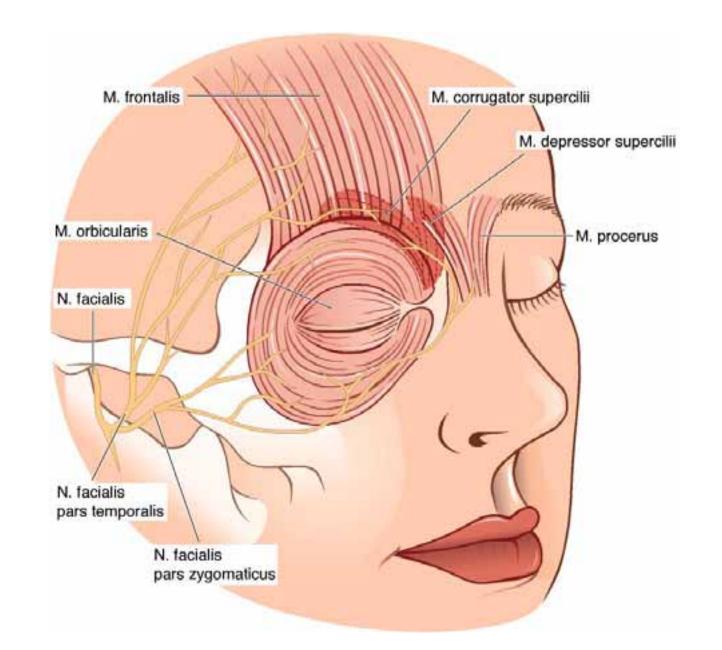
Muehlberger T, Toman N, Eichhorn-Sens J

Department of Plastic- and Hand Surgery, Park-Klinik Weissensee, Charité Medical School Berlin

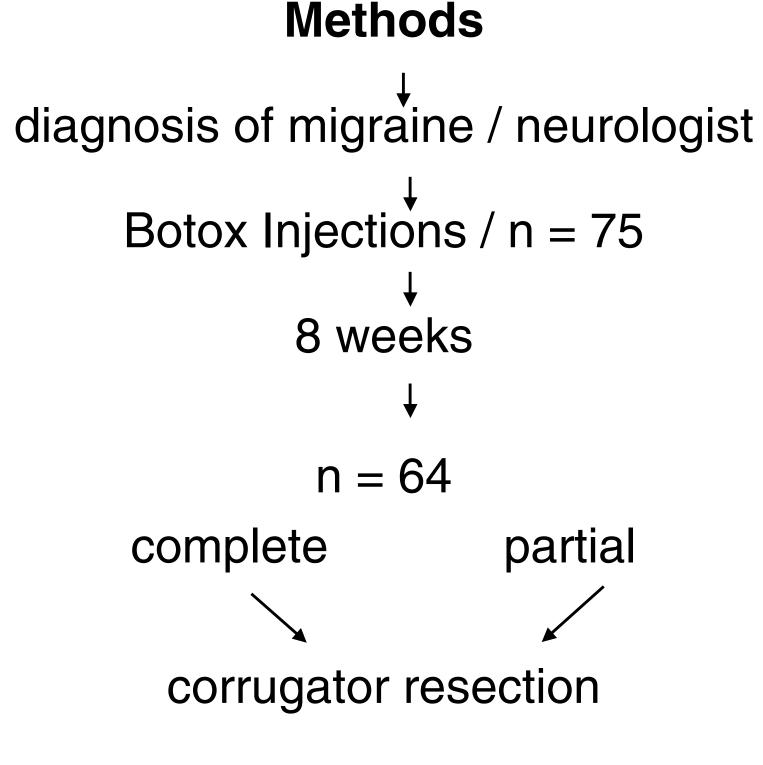
Objective

This prospective, randomized study was conducted to compare the efficacy of a complete, transpalpebral resection of the corrugators with the partial removal of these muscles at their medial and lateral aspects

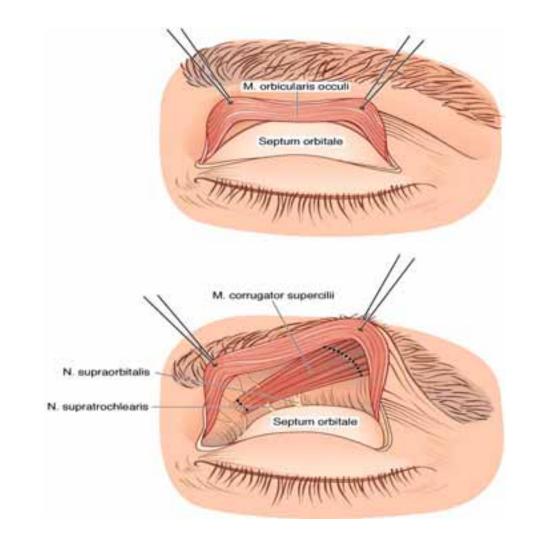
thus performing a complete denervation



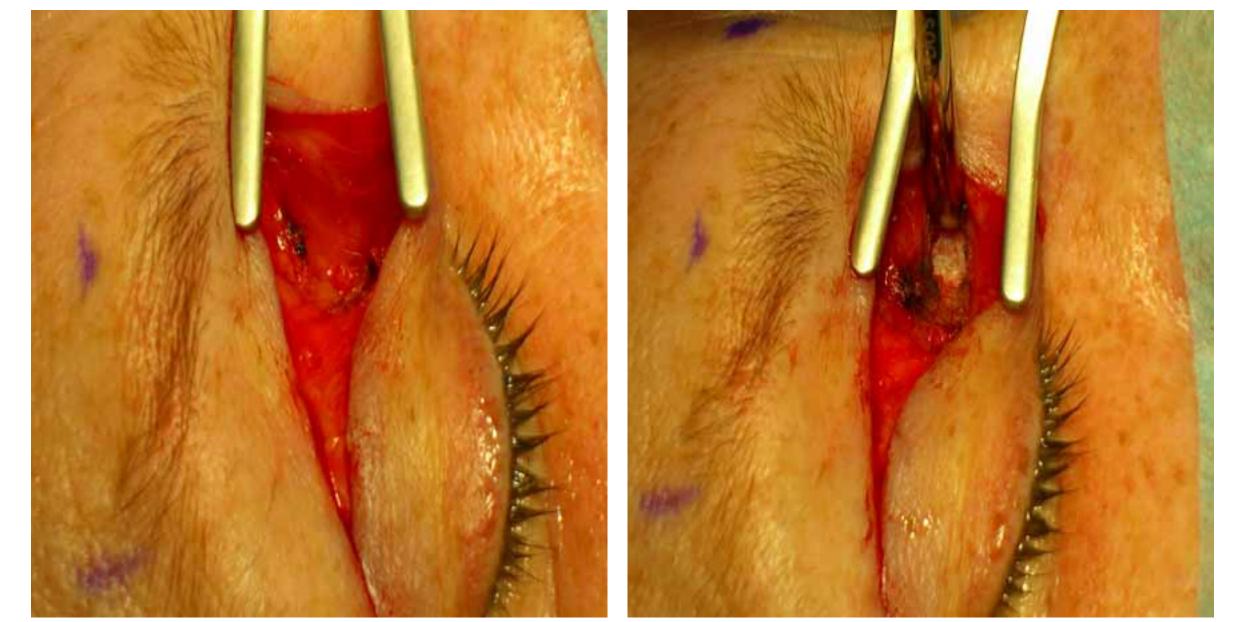
dual nerve supply of the corrugator



follow up 12 month



transpalpebral approach for complete corrugator resection



Demographics

f 57 / m 7



age 21-61 mean age 52,3 ± 2,8 • migraine attack

frequency

• pain intensity

medications

Transsection of the corrugator at the lateral insertion

Periosteal window at the medial origin

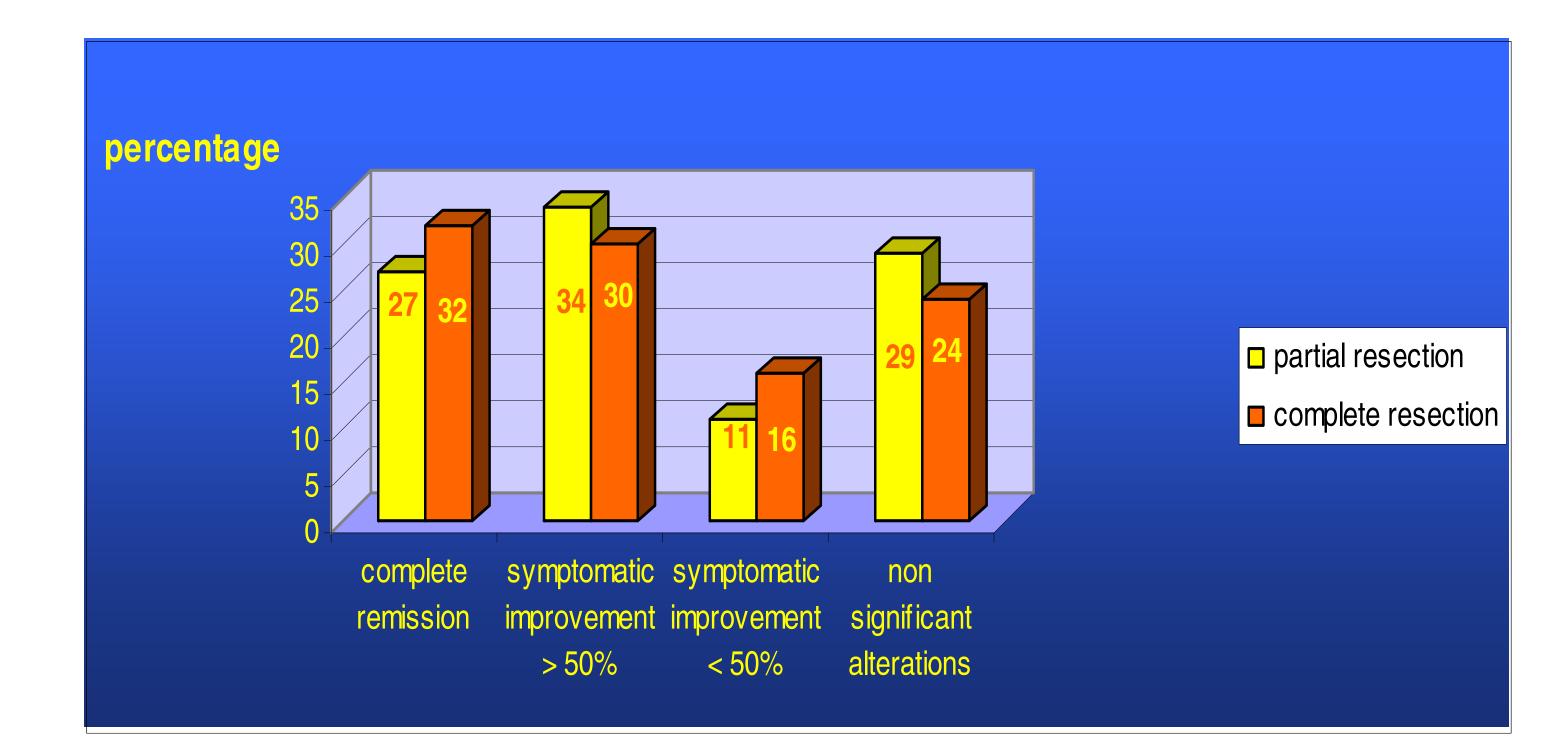
Linkage analysis

- Advanced age is a negative predictive factor
- 89 % of "failures" were grade IV migraine patients
- 78 % of "failures" had a migraine history > 20 years

Conclusions

- no significant differences between partial versus complete resection
- no clinically detectable perineural scarring
- partial resection is easier and quicker with less swelling
- the selection of patients is more relevant than the surgical method

Results



eMail: muehlberger@park-klinik.com